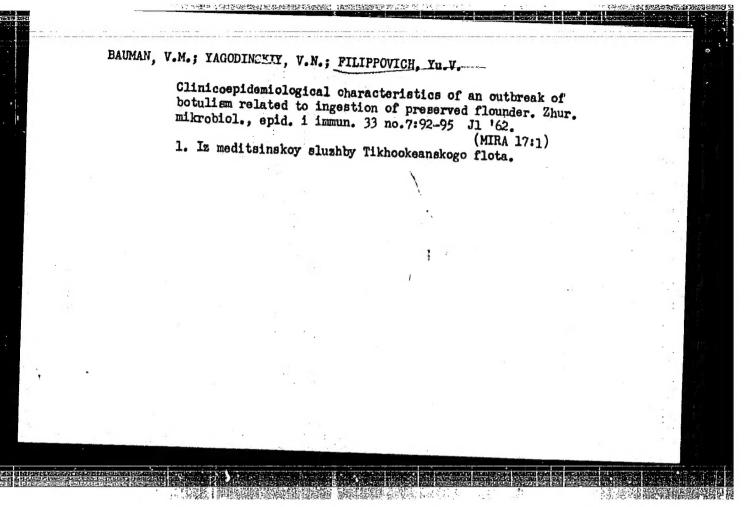
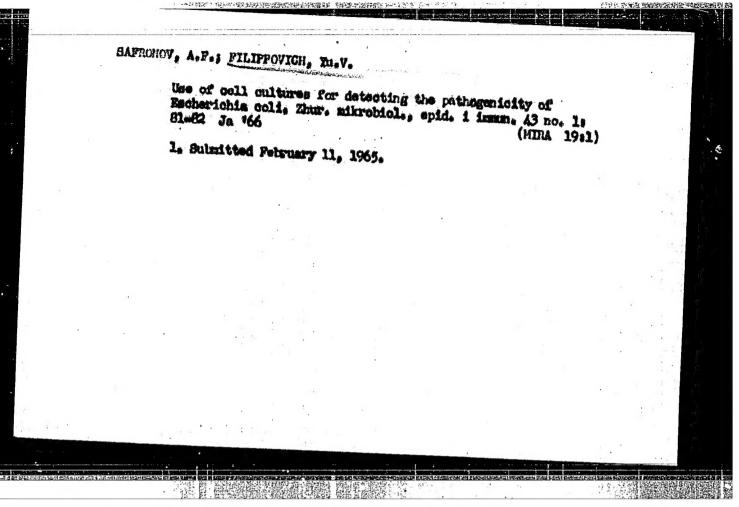
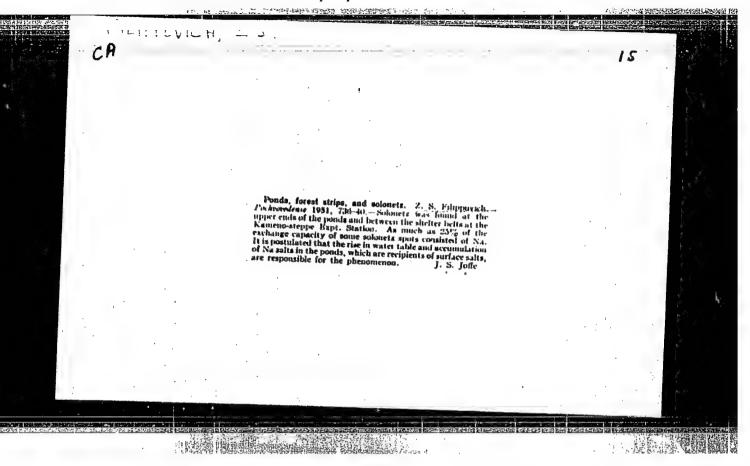
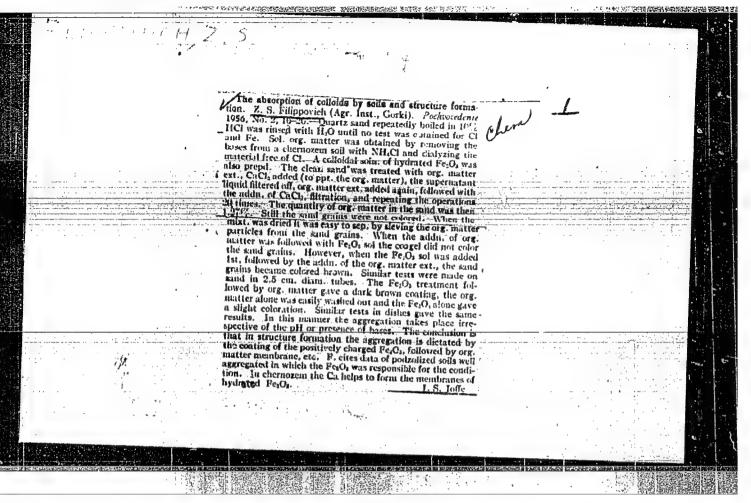


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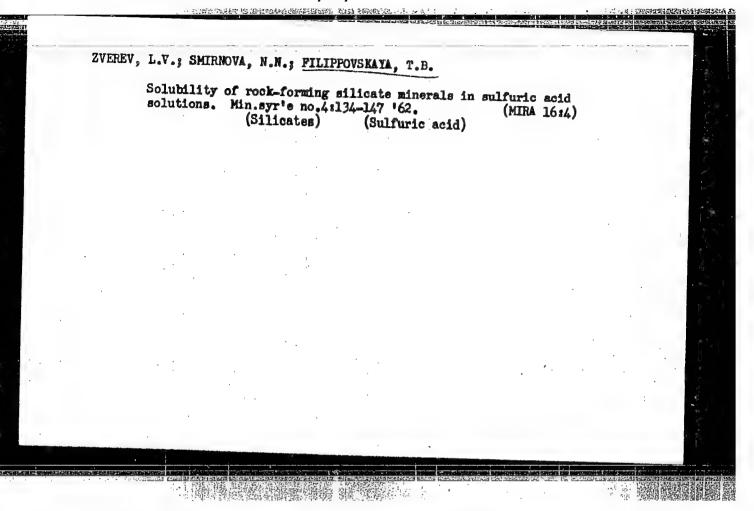


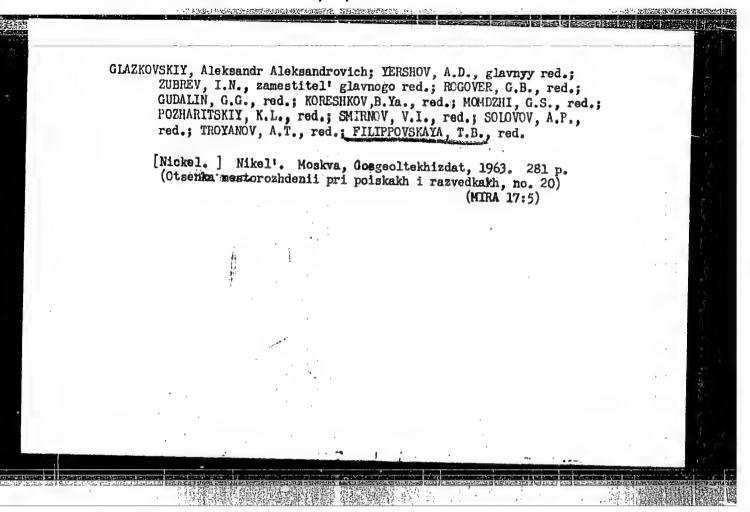




FILIPPOVICH, Z.S.; PETRIK, K.C. with alter and the active avery anov, K.C., rukovoditel rabot; Prinimal uchastive: KACHANOVSKAYA, Z.I.; GANTMAN, Ya.I.; KHUSID, B.S.; GORBACHEVOKAYA, M.S.

Increasing the coefficient of utilization of fresh fruit and berries in the winemaking, juice and liqueur-and-vodka industries. Trudy BNIIPPT no.4:129-144 '61. (MIRA 17:10)

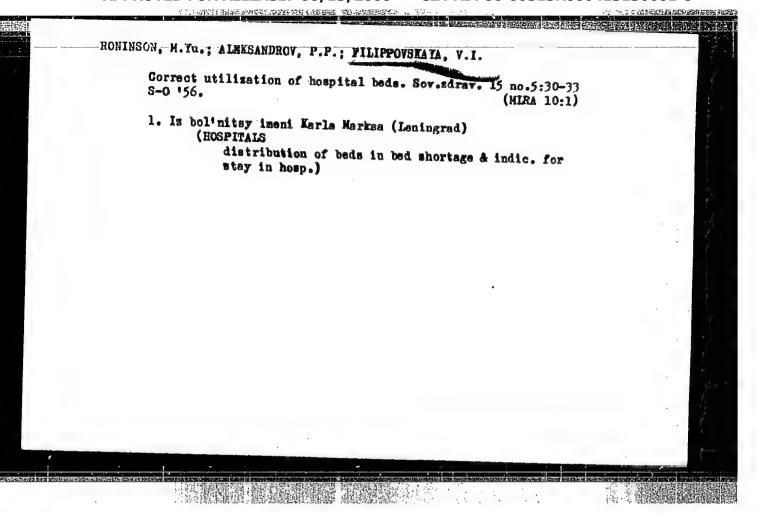




EGEL', Lev Yeven'yevich; YERSHOV, A.D., glavnyy red.; ZURREV, I.N., zam. glavnogo red.; GUDALIN, G.G., red.; KRASNIKOV, V.I., red. [deceased]; KORESHKOV, B.Ya., red.; MOMDZHI, G.S., red.; POZHARITSKIY, K.L., red.; SMIRNOV, V.I., red.; BOLOVOV, A.P., red.; TROYANOV, A. T., red.; FILIPPOVSKAYA, T.B., red.; KHRUSHCHOV, N.A., red.; CHERNOSVITOV, Yu.L., red.; GINZBURG, A.I., red.vypuska; PROKOF'YEV, A. P., red.vypuska; SOKOLOVSKAYA, Ye.Ya., red.izd-va; BYKOVA, V.V., tekhn.red.

[Rare-earth metals.] Redkezemel'nye metally. Moskva, Gostoptekhiz-dat, 1963. 332 p. (Otsenka mestorozhdenii pri poiskakh i razvedkakh, no.21).

(MIRA 17:2)



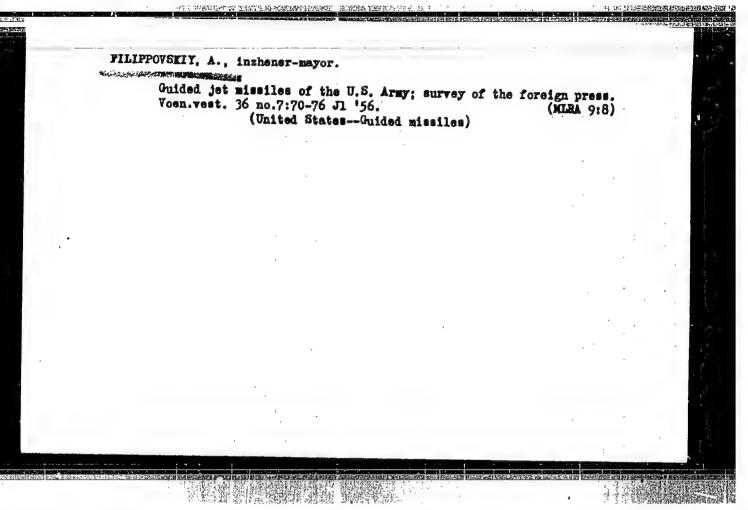
International appearing on macromolocular chemistry, Roseow, 1960. Nondemonstray almost as pre-marked the state of the st
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BERLIN, A.A. KEFELL. T.Ya.; SIVERGIN, Yu.M.; FILLPPOVSKAYA, Yu.M.; IVAKINA,

.F. SHASHKOVA, V.T.

Study of the properties of hardened polyester acrylates with
different polymerization coefficients. Plast. massy no.12:6-9
164. (MIRA 18:3)

32169-66 RM/mm ACC NR: AP6012139 SOURCE CODE: UR/0413/66/000/007/0057/0057 INVENTOR: Berlin, A. A.; Kefeli, T. Ya.; Pilippovskaya, Yu. M.; Sivergin, Yu. Korolev, V. V.; Makhenina, L. I.; Leogon Liv. B. I. ORG: none TITLE: Preparation of polyacrylate esters. Class 39, No. 18033 SOURCE: Isobreteniya, promyshlennyye obrastay, tovarnyye snaki, no. 7, 1966, 57 TOPIC TAGS: polyester, acrylate, polymerisation ABSTRACT: An Author Certificate has been issued describing a method of preparing polyacrylate esters by low-temperature polymerization in bulk of monomeric and oligomeric acrylate esters in the presence of peroxide initiators. To speed up the process the system benzene peroxide plus polyasophenylene plus filler with a developed surface such as PK-3, K-407is suggested as the initiator. The polymerisation is carried out in the presence of an inhibitor of medium potency, for instance benzoquinone or diphenylamine. SUB CODE: 11,07/SUBM DATE: 22Aug62 Card 1/1 he VDC: 678.6741210



FILIPPOVSKIP

Subject : USSR/Aeronautics

AID P - 763

5 Card 1/1

Pub. 135 - 9/15

Authors

: Grigor'yev, N., Eng., Lt. Col. and Filippovskiy, L.,

Title

Infrared technology and its application to aviation

Periodical

Vest. vozd. flota, 11, 57-70, N 1954

Abstract

Infrared radiation is currently utilized in modern warfare, especially in aviation. The author explains the nature of this radiation and describes how it is used. He describes the principles of instruments based on infrared radiation, such as: photoelements, bolometers, receivers with thermoelements, optical-acoustic infrared receivers, electrical sights, electro-optical telephones, thermo-range finders, etc. Diagrams.

Institution:

None

Submitted

No date

FILIPPOVSKIY. L.S.

: USSR/Aeronautics - electronics Subject

AID P - 4982

Card 1/1

Pub. 135 - 10/26

Author

: Filippovskiy, L. S., Eng.-Lt.Col.

Title

THE RESERVE OF THE PARTY OF THE Semiconductors in an airplane

Periodical

: Vest. vozd. flota, 9, 57-65, S 1956

Abstract

The qualities of materials used for semiconductors and the principles of functioning of diodes and triodes are described by the author. Because of the small size and high efficiency factor of semiconductors it is possible to equip the aircraft with various kinds of electronic computers. Six diagrams, 2 photos. The article is of

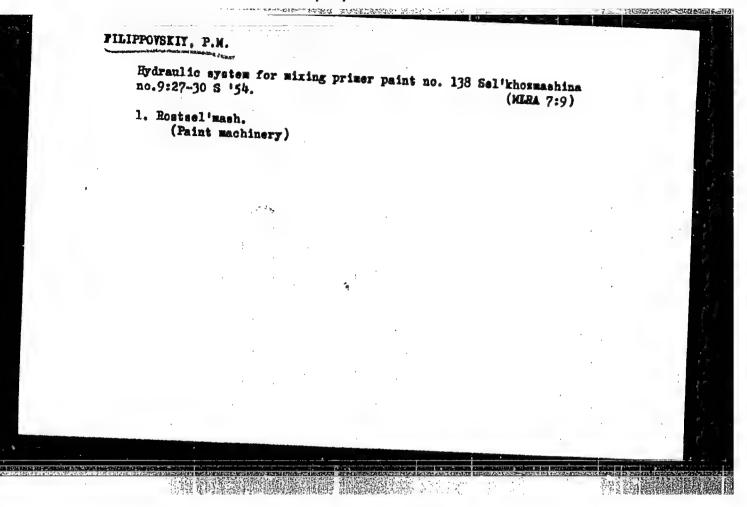
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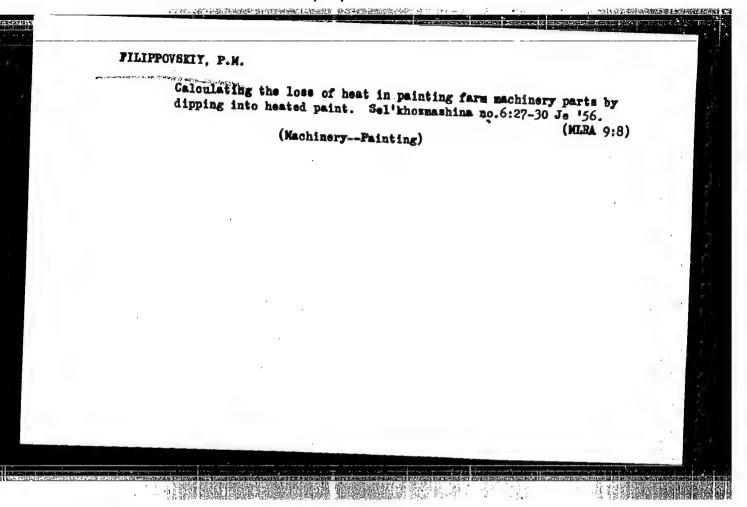
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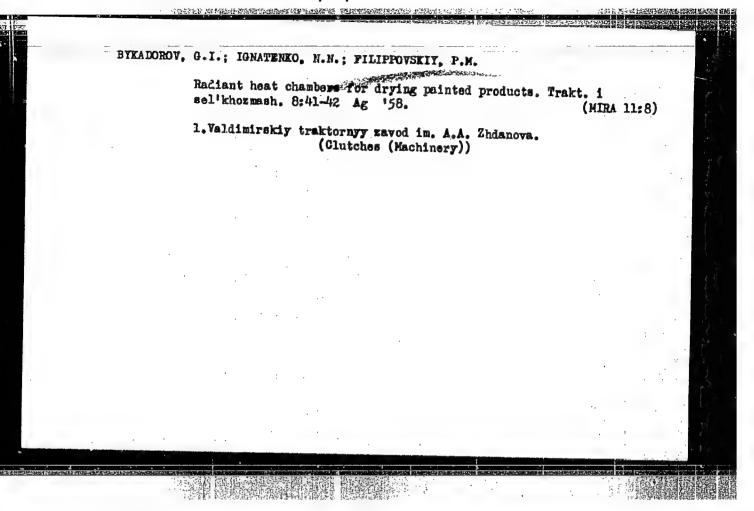
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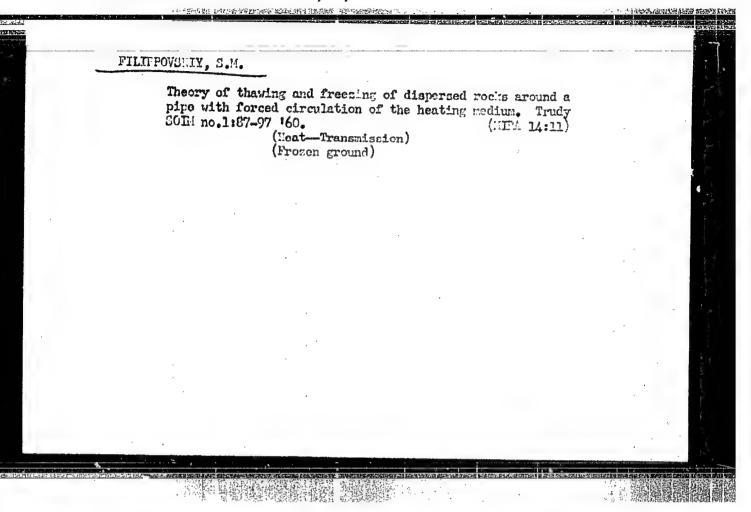
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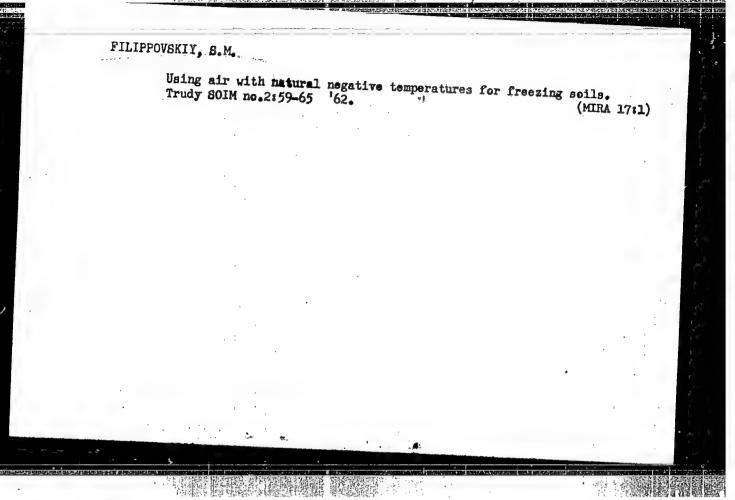
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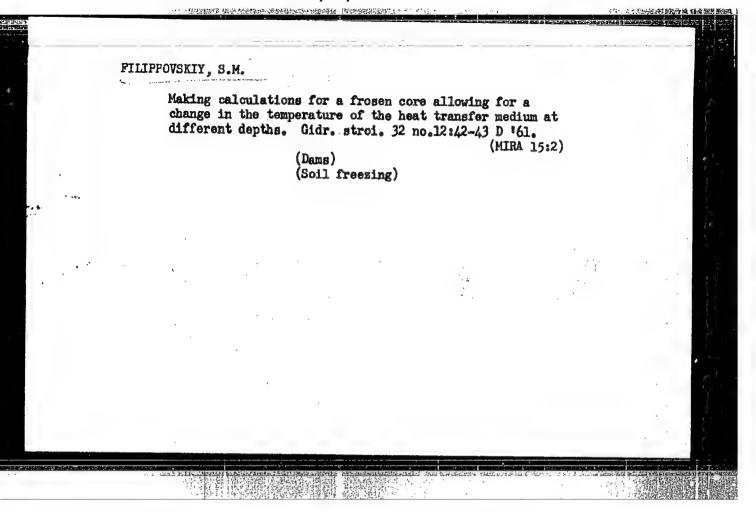


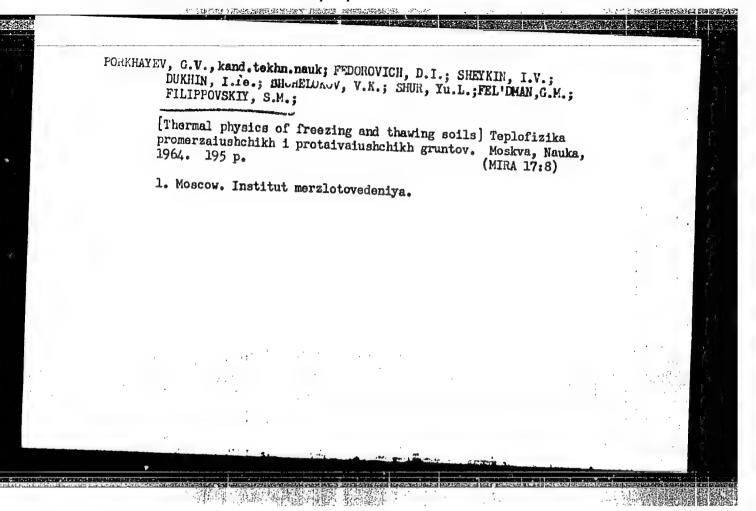










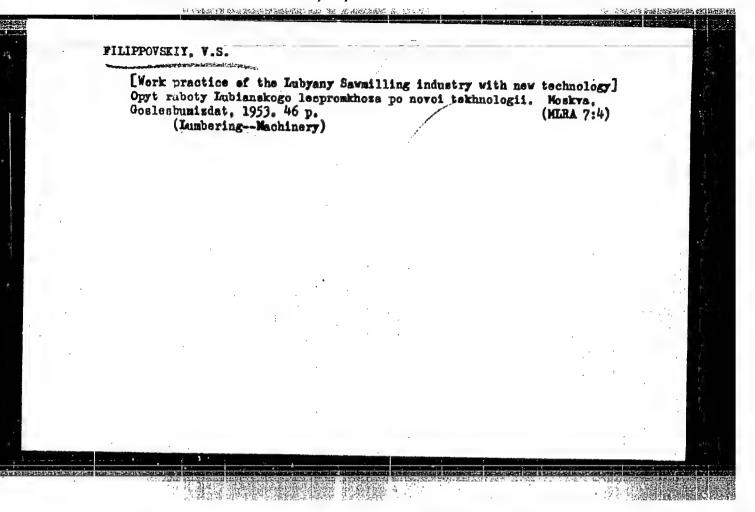


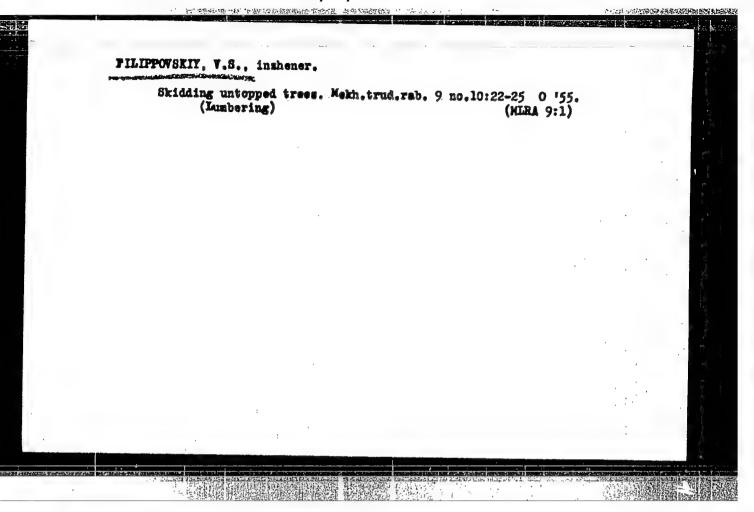
Country USSR CATEGORY : Farm Animals. Swine ABS. JOUR. : RZBiol., No. 13, 1958, No. 59571 : Filippovskiy, T. P. AUTHOR INST. Bashkir Agricultural Institute TITLE : Defective Development of Testes in a Boar ORIG. PUB. : Tr. Bashkirsk. s.-kh. in-ta, 1956, 7, 276-279 ABSTRACT : Both testes, one of which was twice as large as the other, were located in the left part of the scrotum. In the smaller testis, spermatogenesis was less marked, probably as a result of its constriction .-- M. B. Novikov CARD: 1/1

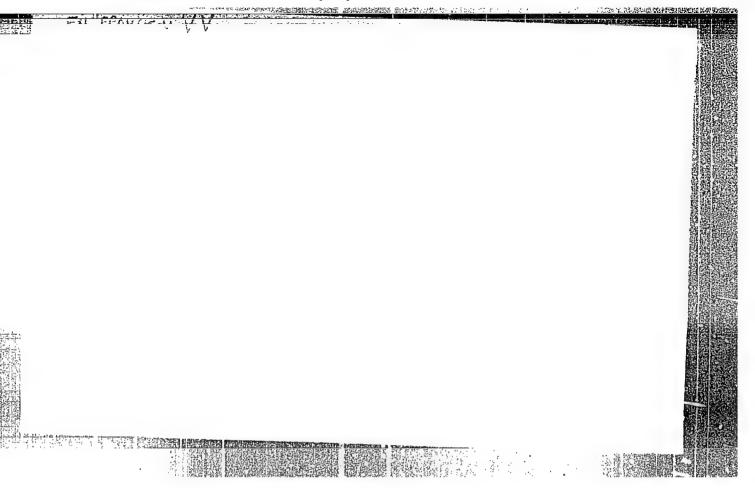
FILIPPOTSKIY, T. P. (Docent, Bashkir Agricultural Institute).

"The regenerative ability of the testis in rams during the post-castration period"...

Veterinariya, vol. 39, no. 8, August 1962 pp. 53







FILIPPOVSKIY-V.V.
PHASE I BOOK EXPLOITATION

609

Deryagin, B. V., Zakhavayeva, N. N., Talayev, M. V., and Filippovskiy, V. V. Opredeleniye udel'noy poverkhnosti poroshkoobraznykh tel po soprotivleniya fil'tratsii razrezhennogo vozdukha (Determination of the Specific Surface of Powders on the Basis of Filtration Resistance to Barefied Air) Moscow, Izd-vo Akademii nauk SSSR, 1957. 59 p. 4,000 copies printed.

Sponsoring Agency: Akademiya nauk SSSR. Institut fizicheskoy khimii.

Ed. of Publishing House: Shteynbok, G. Yu.; Tech. Ed.: Polesitskaya, S. M.

PURPOSE: This pamphlet presents B. V. Deryagin's method of determining specific surfaces of porous and powdered substances for use in various fields of technology. It is meant for research workers and for workers in industrial laboratories.

COVERAGE: The authors describe Daryagin's method as a simplified and rapid method for the determination of specific surfaces of porous and powdered substances. The method is based on the theory of filtration of rarefied gases through porous media, taking into consideration the Knudsen flow. Chapter one gives a detailed description of the determination of the external specific surface from the steady state flow of rarefied air. The equation for the specific surface is:

Cand 1/6

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$$s_0 = \frac{24}{13} \sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}} \quad \frac{\sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{\sqrt{MRT}}} \quad \Delta_P$$

expressed in [S] = cm/cm;

where S = 2 specific surface (in cm per 1 cm of the porous medium)

quantity of moles of air flowing through 1 cm2 of a porous layer △x cm thick per second, with a pressure drop across the porous medium Δ p dynes/cm²

= "porosity" equal the ratio of the pore volume to the total volume of the medium

mean molecular weight of air (29.3 g/moles) M

universal gas constant (in erg/mole. degr.) R

 absolute temperature, 'K Card 2/6

Determination of the Specific Surface of Powders (Cont.)

609

The apparatus (Fig. 1, 2) was constructed at the Institute of Physical Chemistry, All USSR. It does not require a skilled operator. The determinations can be accomplished in 20 to 30 minutes with an accuracy of 2 to 5 percent. The average perosity was accepted as 0.5. For certain powders, e.g., quartz, the specific surface value can be related to the 0.5 porosity value after introduction of a cor-

$$S_o = K \frac{h_p}{h_q} \frac{\delta^2}{\Delta x}$$

as suggested by S. G. Shvartser. This empirical correction equals 1 for S = 0.5:

$$8_{o} = K \frac{R}{h_{q}} \frac{\delta^{2}}{\Delta x} \cdot \frac{\delta}{1 - \delta}$$
 [Note: x missing in text]

where K = constant of the apparatus

h = pressure drop across the sample (in cm)

h = flow-meter reading (in cm).

Table 6 gives a comparison of results obtained by means of the Deryagin method with

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results from several other methods used for the determination of specific surfaces of carbon blacks (investigators: Tesner-Folyakova, Brunauer-Emmet-Teller, Harkins-Jura, Zuyev-Mikhaylov, Laboratory of Academician A. N. Frumkin, Laboratory of Academician M. M. Dubinin).

Part II describes the determination of the total specific surface of porous media and powders based on the transient filtration of rarefled air (Knudsen flow). The total surface includes surface areas of blind pores and channels. The equation used is

$$S_1 = \frac{144}{15}$$
 $\frac{S}{1-S}$ $\frac{L}{x^2}$ $\sqrt{\frac{2RT}{\pi M}}$

= specific surface in cm² per 1 cm³ of the porous medium

= porosity, equal void volume/total volume

= height of the sample (cm)

= time lag (sec.)

molecular weight of the gas (g./moles) M

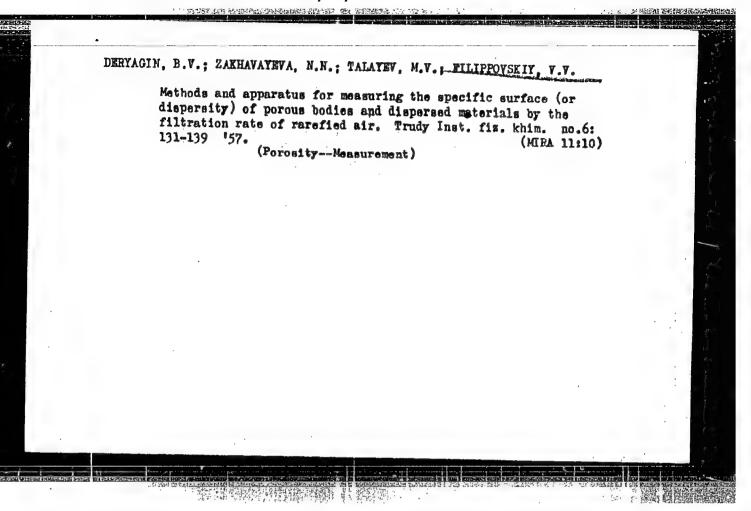
= universal gas constant (erg/mole.degr.)

= absolute temperature, *K and [8]

= 1 .

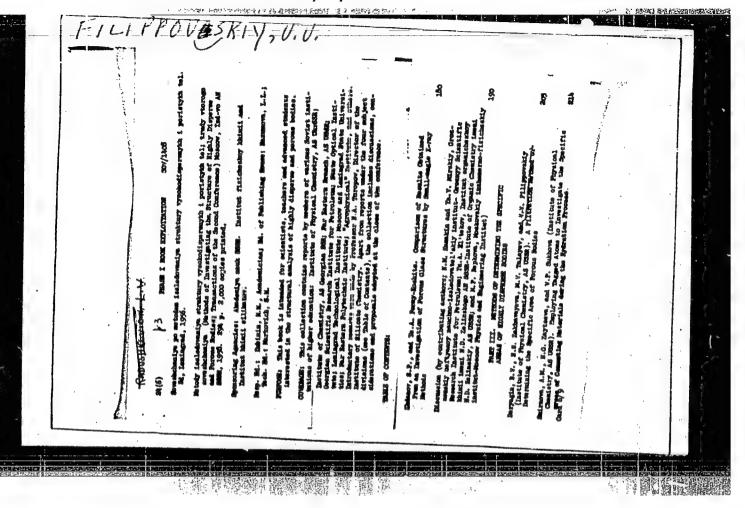
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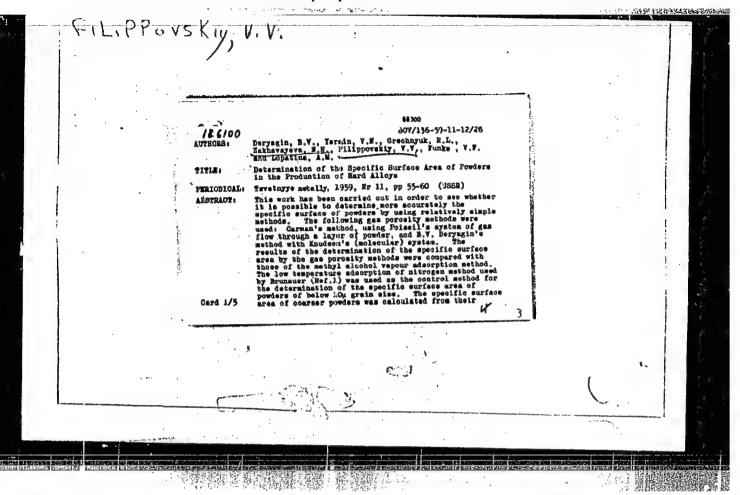
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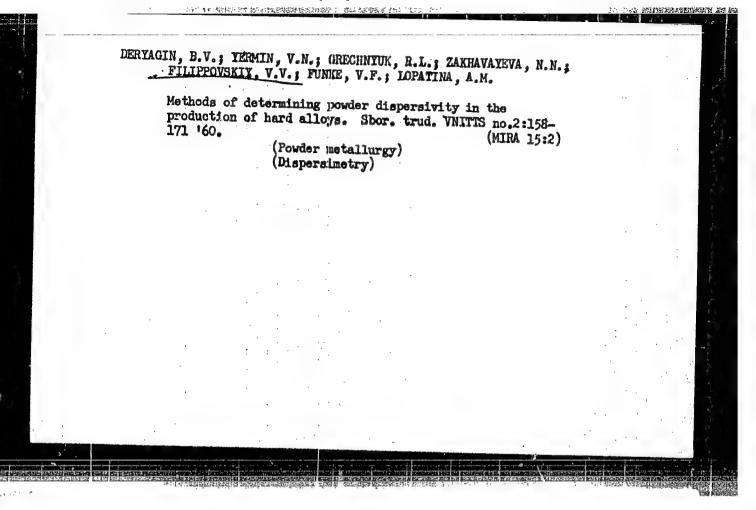


DERYAGIN, B.V.; ZAKHAVAYEVA, M.N.; PILIPPOVSKIY, V.V.; TALAYEV, M.V.

Determining total specific surface areas of powdered and porous bodies [with summery in English]. Insh.-fis.zhur. 1 no.8:98-101 Ag '58. (MIRA 11:8)

1. Institut fisichesköy khimii'Am SSSR, Moskva. (Surfaces—Measurement)





"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 06/13/2000

CIA-RDP86-00513R000413130001-8

ACC NR: AT6036296

SOURCE CODE: UP/0000/66/000/000/0193/0203

AUTHOR: Filippovskiy, Yu. N.; Semenenko, V. Ye.; Nichiporovich, A. A.

ORG: none

TITLE: Optical properties of a Chiorella suspension during the action of complex radiation spectra

SOURCE: AN SSSR. Nauchnyy sovet po kompleksnoy probleme Fotosintez. Fotosinteziruyushchiye sistemy vysokoy produktivnosti (Photosynthesizing systems of high productivity). Moscow, Izd-vo Nauka, 1966, 193-203

TOPIC TAGS: Chlorella, photosynthesis, mass culture, radiation, optic

ABSTRACT: The problem of determining the propagation of radiation of complex spectral composition in a Chlorella suspension was discussed. Most researchers studying the propagation of monochromatic radiant fluxes in the photosynthetically active range of wavelengths in flat Chlorella cultivators have supported the hypothesis of the exponential attenuation of radiation in a Chlorella suspension. Quantitative analysis shows this approach to be inexact. Dependences of energy and quantum transmission coefficients of a Chlorella suspension (strain Chlorella sp. K) on the optical density and thickness of the cell layer were calculated for radiation spectra of light sources widely used in the mass cultivation of algae. The deep layers of a Chlorella sumpension have a greater transparency for fluxes of photosynthetically active radia-

ACC NR AT6056256JK RELEASE: 06/13/2000 CIA-RDP86-00513R000413130001-8" tion from xenon lamps, incandescent reflector lamps (color temperature = 3000K), and luminescent lamps than do the surface layers of the suspension. Quantitative characteristics of this phenomenon were obtained. The quantum content in an energy unit of photosynthetically active radiation is constant for any elemental volume in a Chlorella cultivator in spite of great differences in the spectral composition of the light. The range of spectral transmission coefficient groups of Chlorella for different cell concentrations and layer thicknesses contains curves like those for leaves of higher plants. The dependence of the phothsynthesis of a Chlorella cell on the density of quantum fluxes obtained for optically thin suspension layers can be used as the basis for calculating the photosynthetic yield of cultivators and for designing apparatus for mass cultivation of algae. Orig. art. has: 4 figures and 5 formulas.

SUB CODE: 06/ SUBM DATE: 25May66/ ORIG REF: 008/ OTH REF: 002/ ATD PRESS: 5106

Card 2/2

ACC NR. AT6036297

SOURCE CODE: UR/0000/66/000/000/0204/0212

AUTHOR:

Filippovskiy, Yu. N.; Nichiporovich, A. A.; Semenenko, V. Ye.

ORG: none

2

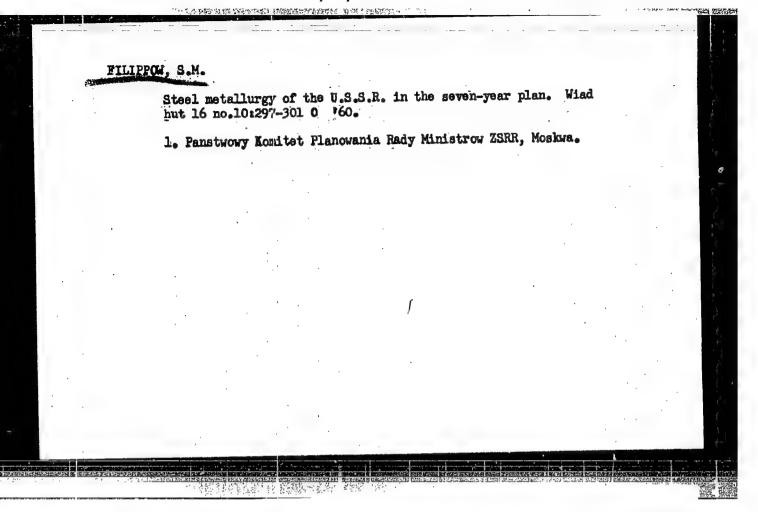
TITLE: The distribution of radiant energy in a Chlorella suspension

SCURCE: AN SSSR. Nauchnyy sovet po kompleksnoy probleme Fotosintez. Fotosintezirushchiye sistemy vysokoy produktivnosti (Photosynthesizing systems of high productivity). Moscow, Izd-vo Nauka, 1966, 204-212

TOPIC TAGS: chlorella, photosynthesis, chlorella cultivation radiation

ABSTRACT: A method of estimating the intensity of radiant energy in plane-parallel Chlorella cultivators was described. Experiments were conducted with Chlorella sp. K., a thermophilic strain with relatively small cells and evenly distributed chromatophores. Chlorella was cultured at 36C in a cultivator 6 mm thick, illuminated from two sides with luminescent lamps (intensity of photosynthetically scrive radiation up to $40 \cdot 10^3$ erg/cm²·sec from each side). Air containing 1.8% CO₂ was bubbled through the suspension at a rate of 200 liters/hr. The cylindrical cultivating tank had mirror ends to eliminate scattering of light through the end walls. The exponential dependence of spectral hemispherical coefficients of transmission of a Chlorella suspension on cell concentration and cell layer thickness was determined for all useful values of cell concentration and layer thickness. (The hemispherical coefficient of transmission $\tau_{\rm C}$ is defined as the

ratio of the value of flux \$F_{\cupeco}\$ emanating from the cell layer into half space 2\pi to the value of flux \$F_0\$ incident on the layer surface.) This exponential dependence is the value of flux \$F_0\$ incident on the layer surface.) This exponential dependence is satisfied with identical accuracy for all wavelengths in the range of photosynthetically active radiation. Spectral directive coefficients of transmission (flux thetically active radiation in the direction of the flux incident on the surface) emanating from the solution in the direction of the flux incident on the surface) emanating from the solution in the directive coefficients of transmission on cell concentration show selectivity at cell concentrations above 150·10\(^6\) cells per milititer. The show selectivity at cell concentrations of transmission on cell concentration and cell layer thickness conforms to Bouguer's Law only at low cell concentrations. Values of a spectral hemispherical absorption coefficient for Chlorella pp. K. were obtained for a wide range of conditions. Experimental results can thus be used to calculate the light span in a Chlorella suspension. Orig. art. has: 5 figures and 10 equations. SUB CODE: 06/ SUBM DATE: 25May66/ ORIG REF: 012/ OTH REF: 007/ ATD PRESS:5106



PHASE I BOOK EXPLOITATION

SOV/5009

Bokshitskiy, Ya. M., and M. M. Filippycheva

Sposoby snizheniya vesa pribyl'noy chasti slitka (Methods of Reducing the Weight of Ingot Riser's) Moscow [VINITI], 1959. 44 p. Errata slip inserted. 4,000 copies printed.

Sponsoring Agency: Gosudarstvennyy nauchno-tekhnicheskiy komitet Soveta Ministrov SSSR, Akademiya nauk SSSR, and Vsesoyuznyy institut nauchnyy i tekhnicheskoy informatsi.

Tech, Ed.: G. A. Shevchenko

PURPOSE: This booklet is intended for technical personnel of steelmaking plants.

COVERAGE: The booklet reviews various methods of heating ingot risers and explores possibilities of bringing the shrinkage cavity into the riser. Using hot tops with refractory or exothermic lining and covering the riser surface with a heat-insulating material or with exothermic compounds are discussed.

Methods of reducing the weight of the ingot riser are compared, and the

Card 1/3

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 06/13/2000 CIA-RDP86-00513R000413130001-8"
Methods of Reducing the Weight (Cont.)

authors conclude that the application of an exothermic lining to hot tops produces the best results. No personalities are mentioned. There are 28 references: 15 Soviet, 10 English, 2 German, and 1 Czech.

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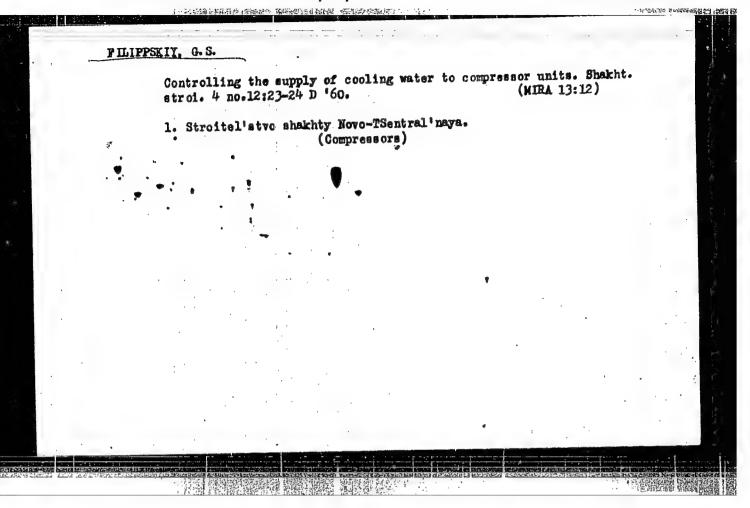
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Competition is a great force. Pesh. dele 5 ne.2:5 F '59.
(MIRA 12:3)

1.Zamestitel' predsedatelya mestkema Feltavskey geredskey pesharney ekhrany.
(Peltava--Secialist competition)



ANDON'YEY, V.L.; BAUM, V.A.; BAUMGARTEN, N.K.; BEREZIN, V.D.; BIRYUKOV, I.K.; BIRYUKOV, S.M.; BLOKHIN, S.I.; BOROVOY, G.A.; BULEY, M.Z.; EURAKOV, N.A.; VERTSAYZER, B.A.; VOVK, G.M.; VORMAN, B.A.; VOSHCHININ, A.P.; GALAKTIONOV, V.D., kand. tekhn. nauk; GENKIN, Ye.M.; GIL'DENBLAT, Ya.D., kand. tekhn, nank; GINZBURG, M.M.; GLEBOY, P.S.; GODES, E.G.; GORBACHEV, V.N.; GRZHIB, B.V.; GREKULOV, L.F., kand, s.-kh. nauk; GRODZENSKAYA, I.Ya.; DANILOV, A.G.; DMITRIYEV, I.G.; DMITRIYENKO, Yu.D.; DOBROKHOTOV, D.D.; DUBININ, L.G.; DUNDUKOV, M.D.; ZHOLIK, A.P.; ZENKEVICH, D.K.; ZIMAREV, Yo.V.; ZIMASKOV, S.V.; ZUBRIK, K.M.; KARANOV, I.F.; KHYAZEV, S.N.; KOLEGAYEV, N.M.; KOMAREVSKIY, V.T.; KOSENKO, V.P.; KORENISTOV, D.V.; KOSTROV, I.N.; KOTLYARSKIY, D.M.; KRIVSKIY, M.N.; KUZNWYSOV, A.Ya.; LAGAR'KOV, N.I.; LGALOV, V.G.; LIKHACHEV, V.P.; LOCUNOV, P.I.; MATSKEVICH, K.F.; MEL'NICHENKO, K.I.; MENDELEVICH, I.R.; MIKHAYLOV, A.V., kand. tekhn. nauk; MUSIYEVA, R.N.; NATANSON, A.V.; NIKITIN, M.V.; OVES, I.S.; OGUL'NIK, G.R.; OSIPOV, A.D.; OSMER, N.A.; PETROV, V.I.; PERYSHKIN, G.A., prof.; P'YANKOVA, Ye.V.; RAPOPORT, Ya.D.; REMEZOV, N.P.; ROZANOV, M.P., kand. biol. nauk; ROCHEGOV, A.G.; RUBINCHIK, A.M.; RYBCHEVSKIY, V.S.; SADCHIKOV, A.V.; SEMENTSOV, V.A.; SIDENKO, P.M.; SINYAVSKAYA, V.T.; SITAROVA, M.N.; SOSNOVIKOV, K.S.; STAVITSKIY, Ye.A.; STOLYAROV, B.P. [deceased]; SUDZILOVSKIY, A.O.; SYRTSOVA, Ye.D., kand. tekhn. nauk; FILIPPSKIY, V.P.; KHALTURIN, A.D.; TSISHEVSKIY, P.M.; CHERKASOV, M.I.; CHERNYSHEV, A.A.; CHUSOVITIN, N.A.; SHESTOPAL, A.O.; SHEKHTER, P.A.; SHISHKO, G.A.; SHCHERBINA, I.N.; ENGEL', F.F.; YAKOBSON, A.G.; TAKUBOV, P.A., ARKHANGEL'SKIY, (Continued on next card)

ANDON'YEV, V.L... (continued) Card 2.
Ye.A., retsenzent, red.; AKHUTIN, A.N., retsenzent, red.; RALASHOV. Yu.S., retsenzent, red.; BARABANOV, V.A., retsenzent, red.; BATUNER, P.D., retsenzent, red.; BORODIN, P.V., kand. tekhn. nauk, retsenzent, red.; VALUTSKIY, I.I., kand. tekhn. nauk, retsenzent, red.; CRICOR'YEV, V.M., kand. tekhn. nank, retsenzent, red.; GUBIN, M.F., retsenzent, red.; (NUDAYEV, I.N., retsenzent, red.; YERMOLOV, A.I., kand, tekhn, nauk, retsenzent, red.; KARAULOV, B.F., retsenzent, red .: KRITSKIY, S.N., doktor tekhn. nauk, retsenzent, red.; LIKIN, V.V., retsenzent, red.; LUKIN, V.V., retsenzent, red.; LUSKIN, Z.D., retsenzent, red.; MATRIROSOV, A.Kh., retsenzent, red.; MENDELEYEV, D.M., retsenzent, red.; MENKEL', M.F., doktor tekhn. nauk, retsenzent, red.; OBHEZKOV, S.S., retsenzent, red.; PETRASHEN, P.N., retsenzent, red.; POLYAKOV, L.M., retsenzent, red.; RUMYANTSEV, A.M., retsenzent, red.; RYABCHIKOV, To.I., retsenzent, red.; STASKNKOV, N.G., retsenzent, red.; TAKANAYEV, P.F., retsenzent, red.; TARANOVSKIY, S.V., prof., doktor tekhn. nank, retsenzent, red.; TIZDEL', R.R., retsenzent, red.; FEDOROV, Ye.M., retsenzent, red.; SHEVYAKOV, M.N., retsenzent, red.; SHMAKOV, M.I., retsenzent, red.; ZHUK, S. Ya. [deceased], akademik, glavnyy red.; RUSSO, G.A., kand. tekhn. nauk, red.; FILIMONOV, N.A., red.; VOLKOV, L.M., red.; GRISHIN, M.M., red.; ZHURIN, V.D., prof., doktor tekhn. nauk, red.; KOSTROV, I.N., red.; LIKHACHEV, V.P., red.; MEDVEDEV, V.M., kand. tekhn. nauk, red.; MIKHAYLOV, A.V., kand, tekhu, nank, red.; PETROV, G.D., red.; RAZIN, N.V., red.; SOBOLEV, V.P., red.; FERINGER, B.P., red.; FREYGOFER, (Continued on next card)

ANDON'YEV, V.L.... (continued) Gard 3.
Ye.F., red.; TSYPIAKOV, V.D. [deceased], red.; KORABLINOV, P.N., tekhn. red.; GENKIN, Ye.M., tekhn. red.; KACHEROVSKIY, N.V., tekhn. red.

[Volga-Don; technical account of the construction of the V.I. Ienin Volga-Don Navigation Canal, the TSimlyansk Hydroelectric Center, and irrigation systems] Volgo-Don; tekhnicheskii otchet o stroitel-stve Volgo-Donskogo sudokhodnogo kanala imeni V.I. Ienina, TSimstve Volgo-Donskogo sudokhodnogo kanala imeni V.I. Ienina, TSimilianskogo gidrouzla i orositel'nykh sooruzhenii, 1949-1952; v piati tomakh. Moskva, Gos. energ. izd-vo. Vol.1. [General structural descriptions] Obshchee opisanie sooruzhenii. Glav. rad. S.IA. Zhuk. Red. toma M.M. Grishin. 1957. 319 p. Vol.2. [Organization of construction. Specialized operations in hydraulic engineering] Organization. Specialized operations in hydraulic engineering] Organization of construction. Specialized operations in hydraulic engineering] Organization of construction. Specialized operations in hydraulic engineering] Organization of construction. Specialized operations of construction of construction of construction of construction of construction.

ANDCH'YMV, V.L.... (continued) Card 4.

Glav. red. S. IA. Zhuk. Red. towa I.N. Kostrov. 1958. 319 P.

(MIRA 11:9)

1. Russia (1923- U.S. S.R.) Ministerstvo elektrostantsii. Byuro
tekhnicheskogo otcheta o stroitel'stve Volgo-Dona. 2. Chlen-kortekhnicheskogo otcheta o stroitel'stve Akhutin). 3. Daystvitel'nyy
respondent Akademii nauk SSSR (for Akhutin). 3. Daystvitel'nyy
chlen Akademii stroitel'stva i arkhitektury SSSR (for Grishin,
Razin).

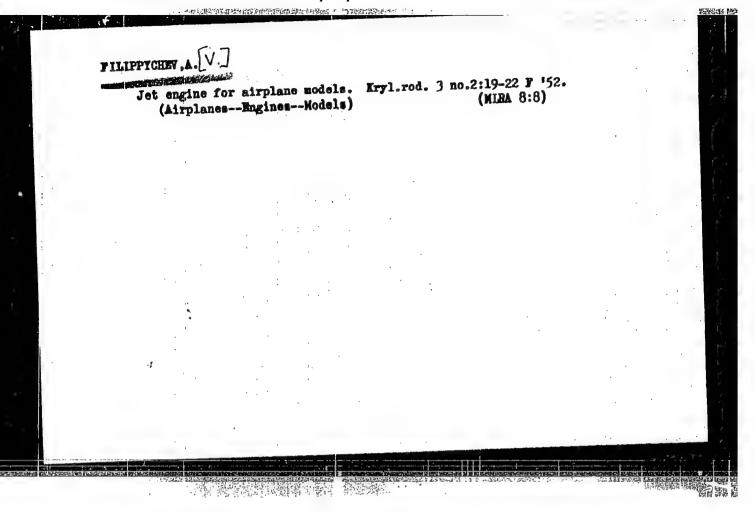
(Volga Don Caual-Hydraulic engineering)

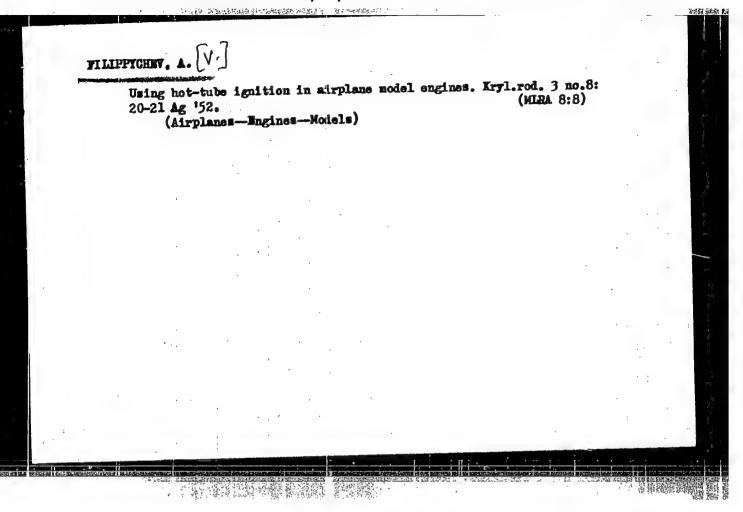
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MARGIZHES, A.; IRAGONETIS, Yones, byvshiy doker, deputat parlamenta ot Yeda Yeda (Gretsiya); FILIPPU, Kristos, prof. deputat parlamenta ot Yeda (Gretsiya); PENERIS, Dimitrios, deputat parlamenta ot liberal'no-demokraticheskogo soyuza (Gretsiya); AKOSTE, Khuan; TARILO, Pablo; BUL'KE, Zhermen; NUREDIN, Skander; SI DIBE, sheleznodorozhnik; MAGNUS, Dzhordzh, S.D.[Hagmis, George S.D.]

A great day of celebration and struggle for a better life and for world peace. Vsem.prof.dvizh.[no.6]:10-14 Je '60. (MIRA 13:6)

1. Predstavitel avstriyskikh profsoyuzov, saveduyushchiy otdelom zavodskikh gazet (for Margizhes). 2. Chlen TSentral nogo komiteta demokraticheskego profecyuza zheleznodorozhnikov. Gretsiya (for Peneris). 3. Delegaty avtonomnogo Yedinogo prof tsentra chiliyskikikh trudyashchikhsya (for Akoste, Tarilo). 4. Predsedatel profsoyuza prodavtsov gazet Sant-Yago i Natsional'noy federatsii prodavtsov gazet Chili (for Akoste). 5. Sovetnik chiliyskov Natsional4noy federateii stroiteley (for Tarilo). 6. Vitse-predsedatel Mezhnatsional'nogo profeoyuza portovykh gruschikov i skladskikh rabochikh Tikhookeanskogo poberezh'ya, SShA (for Bul'ke). 7. Sekretar' Vseobshchego ob yedineniya alzhirskikh trudyashchikhsya, Mezhdunarodnaya konfederatsiya svobodnykh profsoyuzov (for Muredin), 8. Calent Vistain obshchego.cob yedfueniyan trudyashchikhsya Chernoy Afriki, avtonownyy proftsentr (for SiDibie). 9. Chlen Kongressa profsoyuzov Gany, avtonomnyy proftsentr (for Magnus.) (Trade unions)





FILIPPYCHEV, A.V.

PHASE X

TREASURE ISLAND BIBLIOGRAPHICAL REPORT

AID 650 - X

воок

Call No.: AF647757

Author: FILIPPYCHEV, A. V. Full Title: SMALL-CAPACITY PISTON ENGINES FOR FLYING MODELS. 2nd rev. ed. Transliterated Title: Mikrolitrazhnyye porshnevyye motory dlya letayushchikh modeley. Izd. vtor., perer.

PUBLISHING DATA

Originating Agency: None Publishing House: State Publishing House for the Defense Industry

(Oborongiz)
Date: 1954
No. pp.: 102
No. of copies: Not given

Editorial Staff: None
PURPOSE AND EVALUATION: This book is intended for aviation modellers who
construct aircraft models and engines. This book gives a very good
idea of the Russian development in small capacity model aircraft
engines. Instructions and drawings for building two-engine models
are clear and comprehensible.

TEXT DATA

Coverage: This book was written on the basis of several years experience at the Central Aircraft Model Laboratory in design construction and operation of models. The author gives a detailed description of a small capacity aircraft engine. He summarily describes and gives dia-

1/3

krolitrazhnyye porshnevyye motory dlya	AID 650 - X	
tayushchikh modeley. Izd. vtor., perer.		
grams of 28 contemporary Russian model engines. He also specifications and drafts for the construction of 2 mode TsAML-50 and the "Shmel'". He cites figures characteris Russian development of aircraft and engine modelling.	טונט פעב:	
Table of Contents Ch. I Designation of Engine Parts and Principles of their Functioning	5-7	
Ch. II Principles of the Engine Performance and its Characteristics Ch. III Design of Engine Parts	7-15 16-30 31-35	·
Ch. IV Fuels and Lubricants Ch. V Methods of Igniting the Mixture and the Layout of the Ignition Ch. VI Operation of Engines in Model Aircraft Ch. VII Soviet Model Aircraft Engines	36-38 39-49 50-79	
Ch.VIII Manufacture of Electric Ignitions Ch. IX Manufacture of the Compression Ignition Engine TSAML-50	80-88 89-93 94	
Bibliography		
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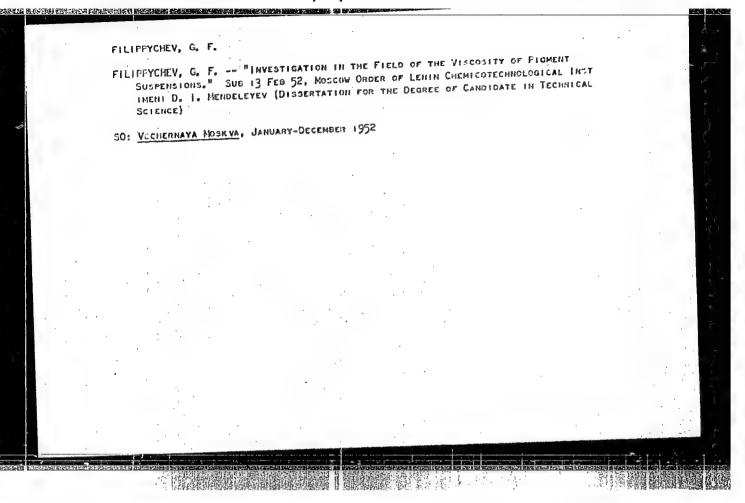
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Mikrolitrazhnyye porshnevyye motory dlya
letayushchikh modeley. Izd. vtor., perer.

Appendix Working drawings of the engines TsAML-50 and
"Shmel'", and their characteristics
No. of References: 12 Russian, 1937-1953.
Facilities: None

3/3

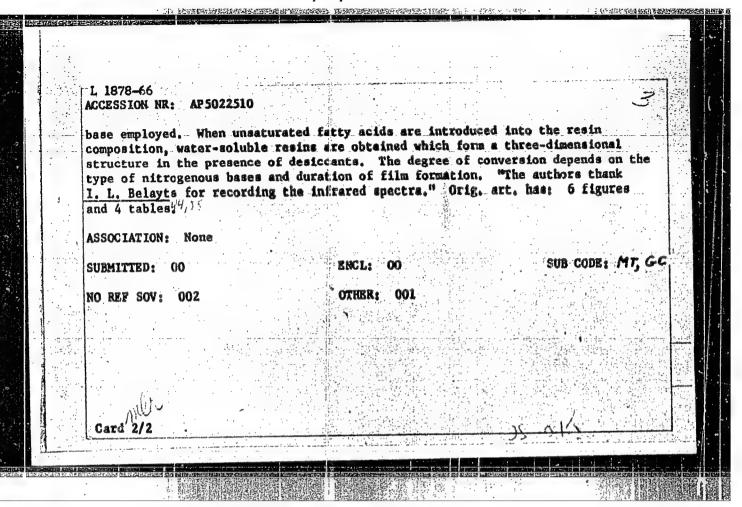


VOL'-EPSHTEYN, A.B.; KRICHKO, A.A.; FILIPPYCHEV, G.F.

Using alkyl-benzene fractions formed on the synthesis of cumens to obtain solvents. Nefteper. i neftekhim. nc.6:33-35 '64. (HIRA 17:9)

1. Institut goryuchikh iskopeyenykh All SSSR i Gosudarstvernyy issledovatel'skiy proyektnyy institut-4.

EVIT(m)/EPF(c)/EWP(1)/T- RM L 1878-66 UR/0303/65/000/004/0022/0026 ACCESSION NR.: AP5022510 667.621.264 AUTHOR: Filippychev, G. F.; Chagin, M. P. TITLE: Mechanism of film formation by water-soluble alkyd resins SOURCE: Lakokrasochnyye materialy i ikh primeneniye, no. 4, 1965, 22-26 TOPIC TAGS: resin, pentaerythritol, aliphatic carboxylic acid, phthalic anhydride--ABSTRACT: An investigation is made of the mechanism governing the conversion of salts of nitrogeneous bases and acid alkyd resins in the course of film formation at 110, 150, and 170c. The process is studied on a pentaphthalic resin of the following composition (moles): pentaerythritol 1, synthetic fatty acids of the C10-C16 fraction 1, phthalic anhydride 1; it is shown to involve decomposition of the salts of nitrogenous bases with regeneration of carboxyl groups, which react with the hydroxyl groups of the resin, and the formation of smide bonds. Triethylamine and ammonia are most suitable for the neutralization. Water-soluble alkyd resins can be cured with water-soluble alkoxy-methylmelamines. The degree of conversion into a three-dimensional structure depends on the type of nitrogenous Card 1/2



SOV/133-58-6-15/33

Bokshitskiy, Ya.M., Yemyashev, A.V., Zubko, A.M. and AUTHORS:

Filippycheva. M.M.

FIEIPPYCHOWH, ALLIEL

The Influence of Vacuum Melting on the Quality of Steel TITLE:

(vliyaniye vakuumnoy vyplavki na kachestvo stali)

Stal', 1958, nr 6, pp 520 - 525 (USSR). PERIODICAL:

An investigation of the influence of wacuum melting on ABSTRACT: the quality of Kh27 and 18KhNVA steels is escribed. Vacuum melting was carried out in a 12 kg furnace previously described (Ref 5). The conditions of melting and heating of liquid metal, teeming temperature and the time of retention in the final vacuo were the same for all melts. As a charge, mild steel ingots smelted in the usual manner in a 30-kg highfrequency furnace were used. The pressures used were: I mm and 1/10 of a metre, 5-8 10-3 mm and 5 10-5 mm. The results of chemical gas analysis and impact strength of steel. Kh27 smelted under normal pressure and in vacuo - Table 1. The impact strength of forged and hardened-in-water from 900 °C metal from all heats was low. In order to find factors determining the impact strength of Kh27 steel, a series of vacuo heats using electrolytic materials were carried out.

The results obtained showed that apparently the main element Cardl/4 determining the impact strength is carbon. The influence of

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The Influence of Vacuum Melting on the Quality of Steel

the depth of vacuo on the composition of metal, the gas content and the content of admixtures in steel is shown in Tables 2 and 3 and Figure 1, respectively. The influence of depth of vacuo on the mechanical properties of forged and thermally treated Kh27 steel - Table 4; the dependence of impact strength of the steel smelted in vacuo on the carbon content - Figure 2 and on the gas content - Figure 3. It is concluded that:

1) valcuum melting of Kh27 steel is accompanied by some changes in its chemical composition due to the evaporation of such elements as manganese and silicon and due to reactions forming gaseous products; 2) The change in chemical composition depends on the depth of vacuo; 3) Valcuum melting gives the following effects: a) the reaction between oxygen and carbon is more efficient; the content of carbon ecreases to thousandths of parts of 1%; the reaction of sulphur with oxygen is also more intensive; b) the content of gas in the deoxidised metal decreases by a factor of 3; c) it has no influence on the structure of the metal. 4) On valcuum melting of steel Kh27 with its subsequent heat treatment, its impact strength can be considerably increased (30-60 times); the highest effect on the impact strength has the content of carbon; Cad2/4

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The Influence of Vacuum Melting on the Quality of Steel

when the latter is below 0.01%, the impact strength of steel reaches 15 - 18 kg/mm2; 5) On valcuum melting from electrolytic materials, the technological properties of steel Kh27 depend on the content of carbon and silicon. Steel 18KhNVA was made from a steel (C 0.19-0.20%) smelted from Sulinsk sponge iron. The experimental heats were carried out under normal pressure and a vacuo of 0.5 - 1 mm and 1.10⁻⁴ mm. The composition of steel %: C 0.14-0.21; Si 0.17-0.37; Mn 0.25-0.55; P, S < 0.035; W 0.80-1.20; Cr 1.35-1.65; Ni 4.00-4.50%. The gas content of metal from experimental heats in cast (nominator) and forged (denominator) state - Table 5; the amount of non-metallic inclusions -Table 6; mean indices of mechanical properties of longitudinal specimens from the experimental heats - Table 7. It is concluded: 1) That vacuum melting of 18KhNVA steel decreases the content of nitrogen and oxygen in steel: a) heats made at a vacuo of 10-4 mm contained many times less nitrogen (0.0020 -0.0050%) than heats made under normal pressure (0.0030 -0.0109%); the influence of the depth of vacuo on nitrogen content was not detected; b) the content of oxygen in vacuo Card3/4

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The Influence of Vacuum Melting on the Quality of Steel

heats at a pressure of 10^{-2} mm was on average 5 times smaller (0.0010 - 0.0028%) than in metal from heats made under normal pressure (0.0051 - 0.0140%); further decrease of pressure to 10^{-3} - 10^{-4} mm lead to a further decrease in the oxygen content (up to 0.0003 - 0.0005%). 2) Metal from vacuo heats contained 5-10 times less of non-metallic inclusions (0.0012 - 0.0058%) than the usual heats from industrial arc furnaces (0.0168 - 0.0281%) and possessed higher values for relative elongation (approximately by 40%) and impact strength (by 7 kg/cm²). There are 3 figures, 7 tables and 5 references, 3 of which are Soviet, 1 French and 1 English.

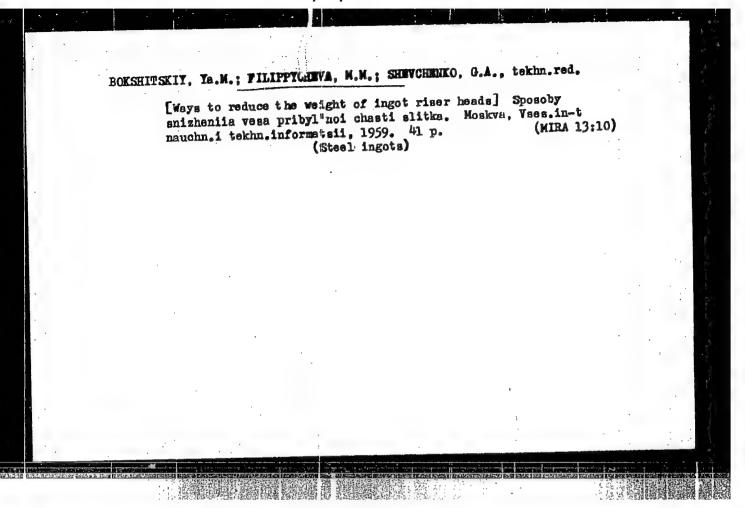
ASSOCIATION: TENIICHM

1. Vacuum furnaces--Effectiveness

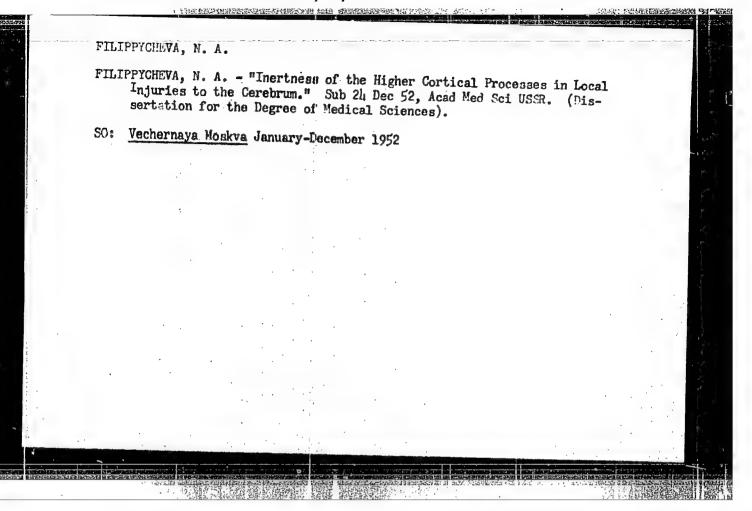
2. Steel--Production

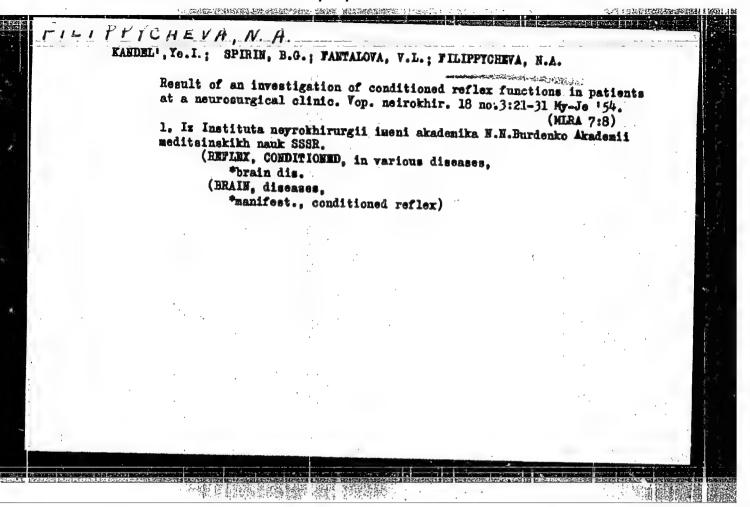
Card 4/4

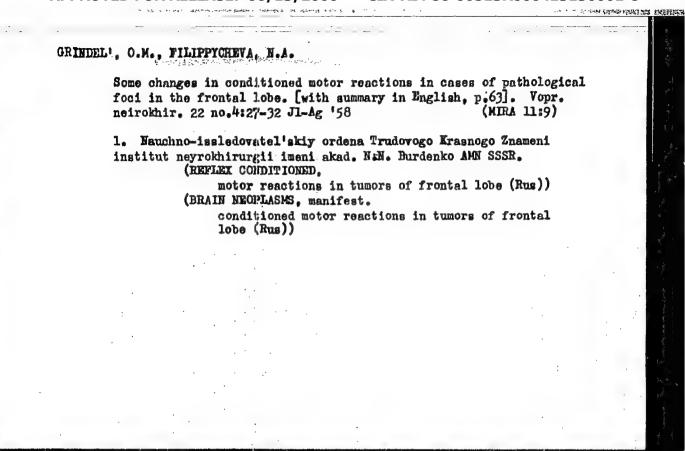
3. Steel -- Mechanical properties



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For Carbon (C.Es. Krym., C.F. Samescore, Land. Liphen, G.E. Bernetory Hells of the Repartment of Hells and the Popurtment of Hellshurgy of Rare Hells of the Notionally and Gald (Hoper Institute of Hellshurgh of Rare Mells of the Notionally and Gald) encharted investigations on which this article is based; [Ball G. [Phish Popule's Republic, Institute of Iren Helalburg in 115 Heart-4/2.] [Bart 4/2.]	Properties of Alloys Malted in Teacoms "The Production of Low-Carbon Perroduces by I Filer III. MUDURICH PROCESSES IN 1-, and G.P. Sarrylin. Shartles of the Reference by Carbon in Forces.	Filippycheric. B.F., and A.M. Samaria. The man Multing of Stainless Steal Filippycheric.M.M. The Effect of Forum Multing on the Guality of SERMYA FIRST II. MELTING OF STEEL AND ALLIES IN FACTOR AND FURNALES STRONGY. A.S., G.S. Indianatify A.M. Isanov, and R.F. Felin. Multing of Re- Exteriory A.S., G.S. Lactioners, A.M. Isanov, and R.F. Felin. Menting of Re- Exteriory A.S., G.S. Lactioners, A.M. Isanov, and A.S. Extrip. Invariant in the Properties of Multing A.M. Samaria, A.M. Serman Are Multing Multin. E.F., G.S. Lactioners, A.M. Teatren, and A.S. Extrip. Invariant in the Political States of States and States in Various Politic. L.E., and E.I. Sermitricitic. Nalting of States as Steal in Various	runcis: This collected of artistes is intended for tennest personnes and in recent riskles and developments of versus stealmailing provides and equipment. COTTRACT: The beat contains information on steal sailing in vacuum infamilian furnesses and versus are formation on steal sailing in vacuum, and depressing of real and infamilian are formation, protein proteins in vacuum and depressing of real and infamilian furnesses and vacuum bestear purpo is also analyzed. Personalities are mental and infamilian for the artists and vill appear in the Table of Cambesta. Three artists when translated from English. Some of the English and Infamilian formation for a partist, and the Personalities of English and Infamilian for a partist, and the Personalities of English and Infamilian for a partist, and the veril is the Personalities and VI. Personalities of Onthe-Pile-Persona Allays in the Personalities in the veril is the Personalities and Infamilian for the Personalities and Cartising in Technology. Contains the land of English States of Cartisin for the Personalities and Cartising in Technology in the Personalities and Infamilian cartising to the Personalities and Infamilian cartising in Technology in the Personalities and Cartising in Technology in the Personalities and Infamilian Cartising in the Cartising in the Personalities and Infamilian Cartising in the Cartising in the Personalities and Infamilian Cartising in the Per	PRASE I BOOK EXPLAINATION SOV/ALG Absolutys weak NOOK. Exmissive po fights—bhinishedde someones projected whealth with many telephology if the manager in hetalitary) houses, Indeed, M. Sing, 1960. 3)4 p. Erreta ally inserted. AND copies printed. Speciating temer; Absolution weak Sing. Institut metallurghi inset A.A. Baybove. Emissiys po fights—bhinishedds concerns projectodyte stall. Beep. Ma., And. Samaria, Corresponding Number, instant of Sciences USS; Ed. of Publishing Second C.E. Salarys; Icah. Ed. 5.0. Numberish.	







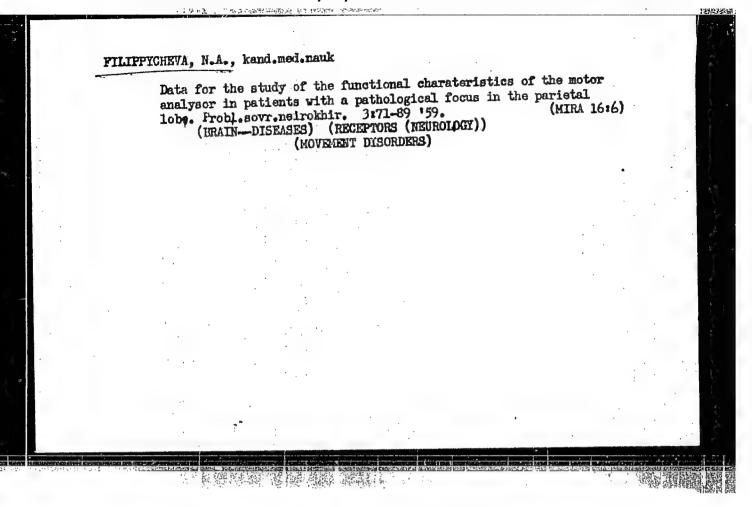
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YEGOROV, B.G., prof., zasluzhennyy deystel* nauki, otv.red.; VOLKOVA-PAVLOVA, red.; SAVITSKAYA, Ye.N., red.; SPIRIN, B.G., red.; UGRYU-MOV, V.M., red.; FILIPPICHEVA, N.A., red.; YABLOHOVSKAYA, L.Ya., red.; KORNYANSKIY, G.F., red.; GRAZHDANINOV, N.A., tekhn.red.

[Research of the N.N.Burdenko Institute of Neurosurgery of the Academy of Medical Sciences of the U.S.S.R. from 1954 to 1958] Nauchnye raboty, vyshedshie iz instituta neirokhirurgii imeni akad. N.N. Burdenko AMN SSSR sa 5 let, 1954-1958 gg. Pod red. B.G.Egorova. Moskva, 1959. 157 p. (MIRA 13:3)

1. Akademiya meditsinskikh nauk SSSR, Moscow. Institut neyrokhirurgii.

(NERVOUS SYSTEM-SURGERY)

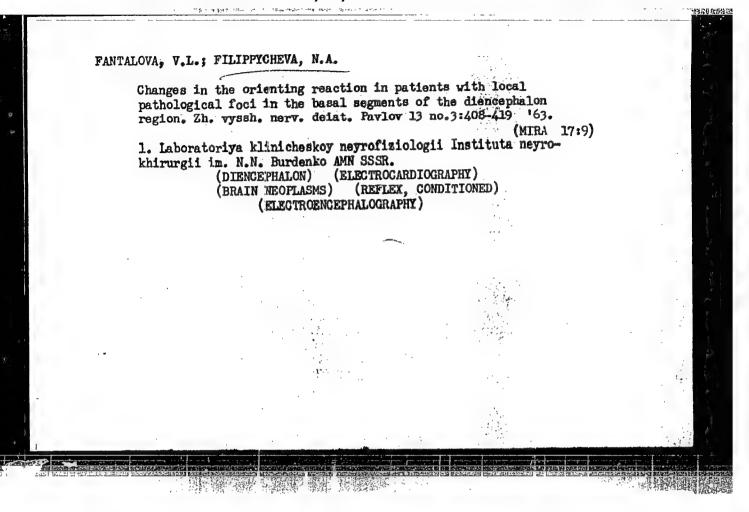


Reduction in excitatory mobility in the motor analysor in patients with focal pathological processes in the frontal lobe. Zhur.vys.nerv. deiat. 9 no.4:5/45-554 Jl-Ag '59. (MIRA 12:12)

1. Ieboratoriya klinicheskoy neyrofiziologii Instituta neyrokhirurgii im. N.N. Burdenko AMN SSSR.

(REFLEX CONDITIONED)

(REFLEX CONDITIONED) (FRONTAL LONE dis.)



FANTALOVA, V.L.; FILIPPYCHEVA, N.A.

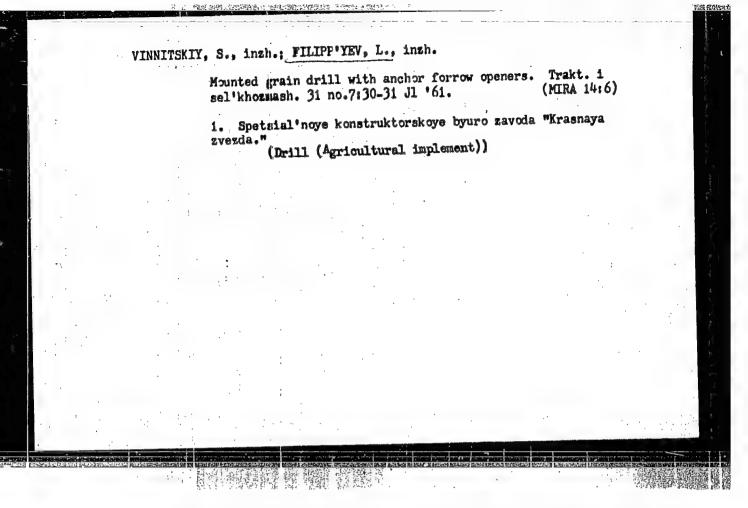
Materials for the study of the stem and cortex relationships in patients with the diencephalic syndrome. Zhur. nevr. i psikh. 63 no.8:1127-1132 '63. (MIRA 17:10)

1. Fiziologicheskaya laboratoriya (zav. - prof. V.S. Rusinov) Nauchno issledovatel'skogo instituta neyrokhirurgii imeni N.N. Burdenko (dir. prof. B.G. Yegorov) AMN SSSR, Moskva.

FILIPPYCHEVA, N.A., kand. med. nauk

Some correlations of pathological changes in the electroencephalogram and electrogram of muscle tomus in patients with tumors of the frontal lobe. Vop. neirokhir. no.1:11-16 165. (MIRA 18:10)

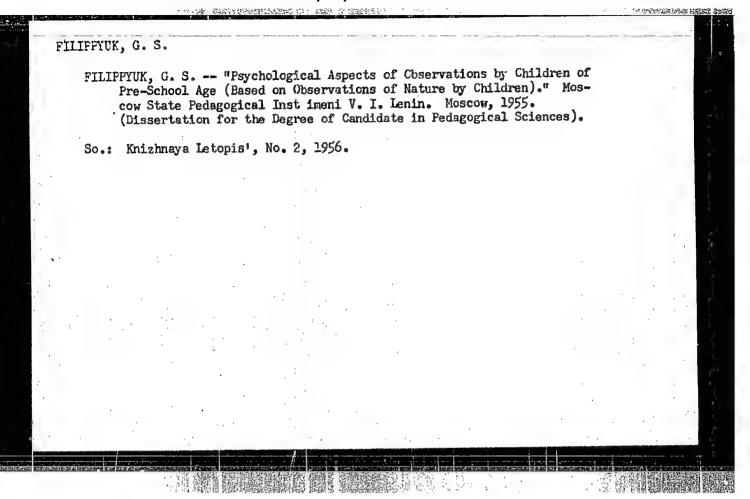
1. Nauchno-issledovatel skiy ordena Trudovogo Krasnogo Znameni institut neyrokhirurgii imeni N.N. Burdenko (direktor - prof. A.I. Arutyunov) AMN SSSR, Moskva.

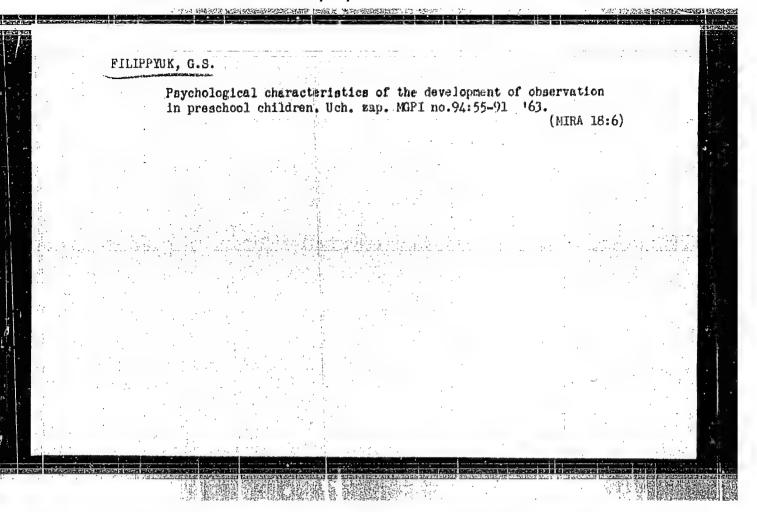


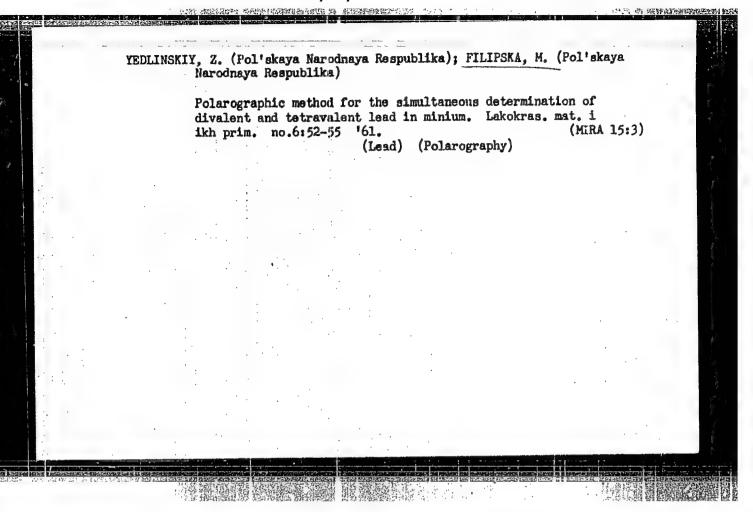
ANDON'YEV, S.M.; FILIP'YEV, O.V.; KUDINOV, G.A.

Increasing the durability of blast furnace hearth bottoms.
Metallurg 8 no.719-11 J1 '63. (MIRA 16:8)

1. Gosudarstvennyy institut po proyektirovaniyu predpriyatiy po proisvodstvu stali.
(Hlast furnaces—Design and construction)







5/081/62/000/024/011/052 B117/B186

AUTHORS:

Jedliński, Zbigniew, Filipska, Miroslawa

TITLE:

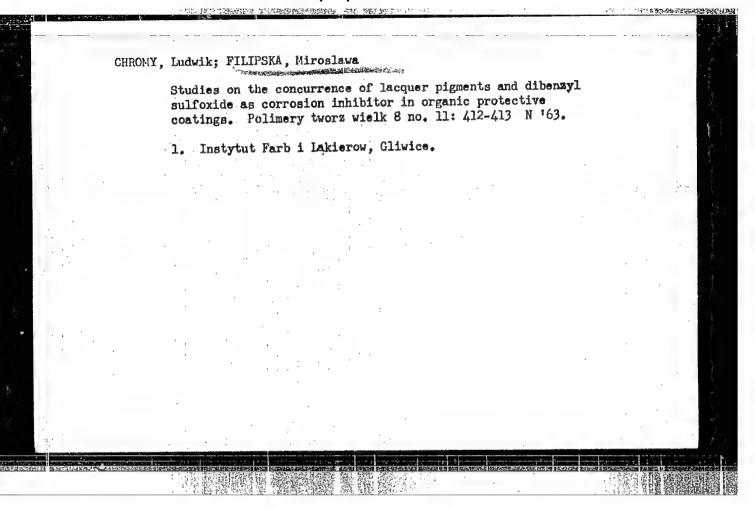
A polarographic method of determining phthalic anhydride in

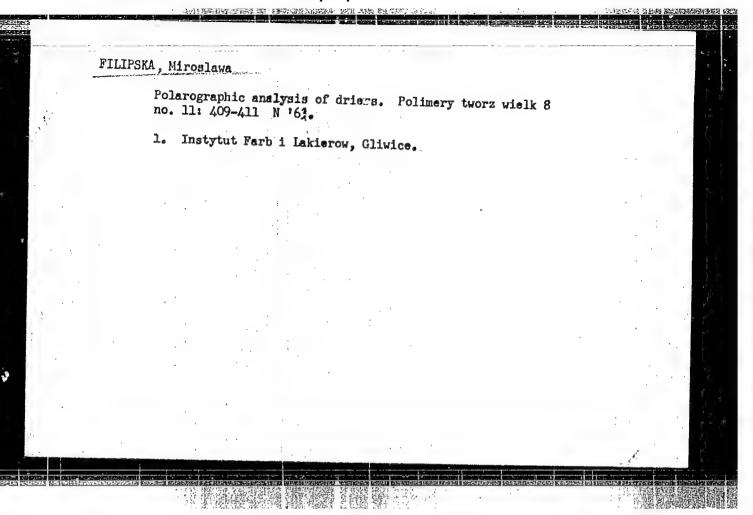
modified alkyd resins

PERIODICAL: Referativnyy zhurnal. Khimiya, no. 24 (II), 1962, 826, abstract 24P20 (Polimery, tworzywa wielkocząsteczkowe, v. 7, no. 4, 1962, 123 - 124 [Pol.; summaries in Eng. and Russ.])

TEXT: A method is given for the polarographic determination of phthalic anhydride in alkyd resins. The results were compared with those of gravimetric and volumetric analyses. A statistical estimate of the results showed that the polarographic method is very accurate and is distinguished by a rather small spread of the resulting data. It also offers the great advantage that phthalic anhydride can be determined in pure as well as in modified resins. The presence of other dibasic organic acids, colophony, and phenol resins in modified acids does not affect the analysis. [Abstracter's note: Complete translation.]

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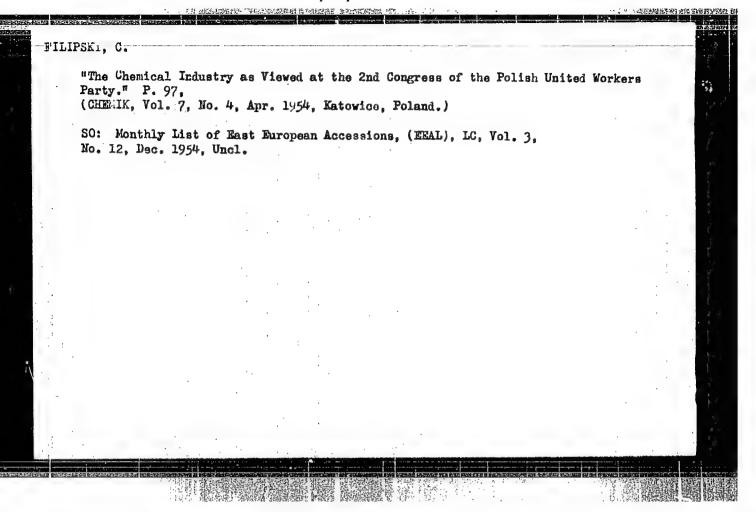
SHALUPENKO, K.V., dotsent; GRISHCHENKO, V.V.; SHAPOVALENKO, Ye.A.;

FILIPSKAYA, S.S...

Clinical course of diseases caused by Coxsackie and ECHO viruses.
Sov.med. 25 no.1:49-53 Ja '61., (MIFA.14:3)

1. Iz kafedry detskikh bolezney (zav. K.V.Shalupenko) Krymskogo meditsinskogo instituta.

(COXSACKIE VIRUSES) (VIRUS DISEASES)

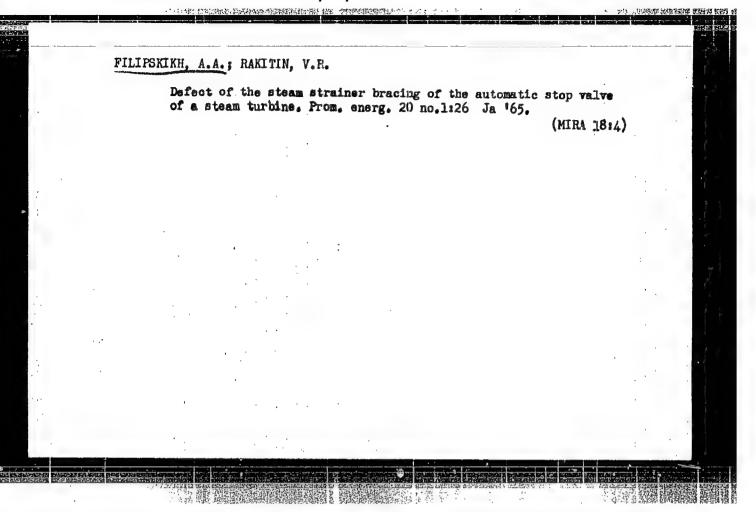


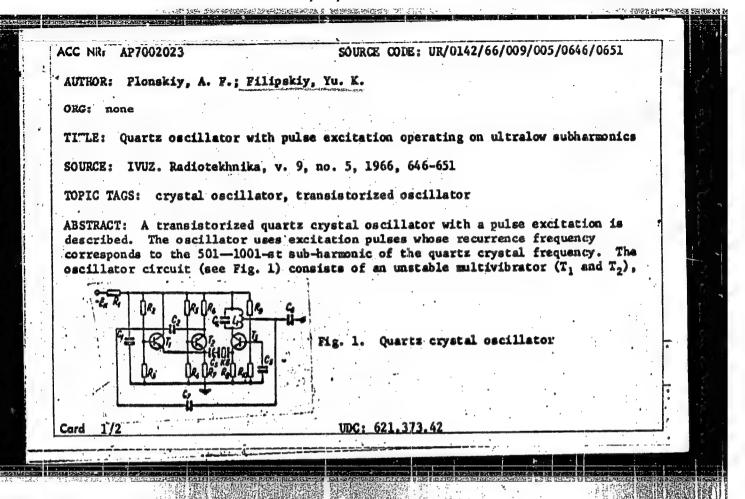
FILIPSKIKH, A.A., inzh.; IVANNIKOV, V.D., inzh.; EURUMENSKIY, N.D., inzh.

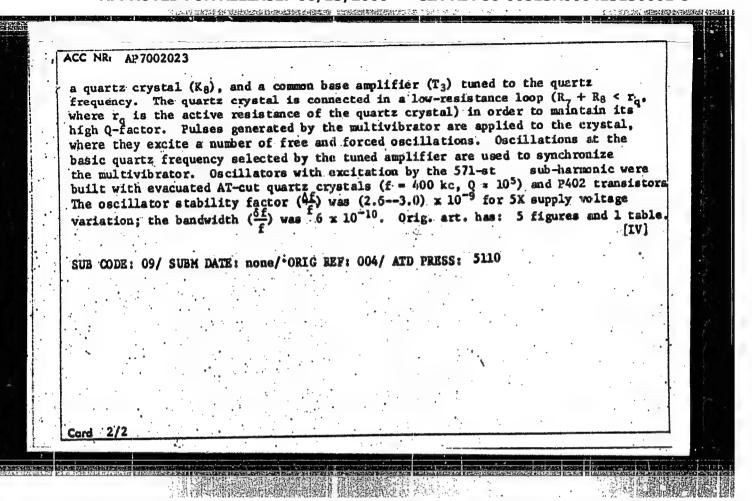
Semiautomatic welding with a powder wire at a construction site.

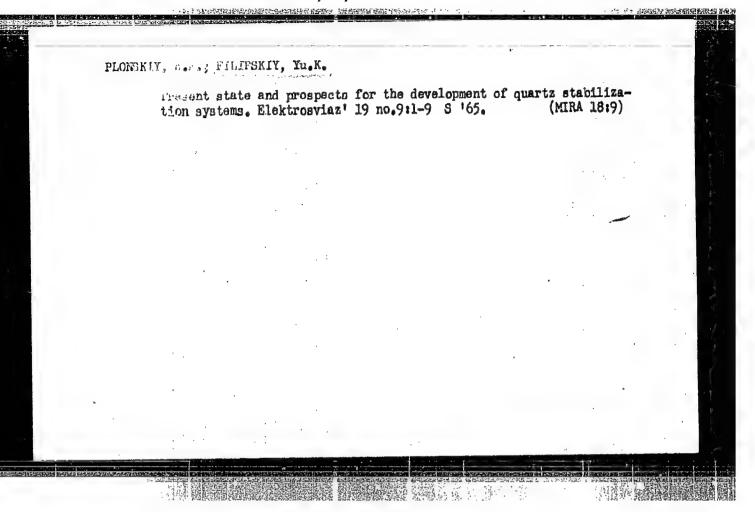
Svar. proizv. no.8:31 Ag '64. (MIRA 17:9)

1. Dnepropetrovskoye stroitel'noye upravleniye No.460 tresta
"Ukrenergochermet" (for Filipskikh, Ivannikov). 2. Trest
"Ukrenergochermet" (for Burumenskiy).







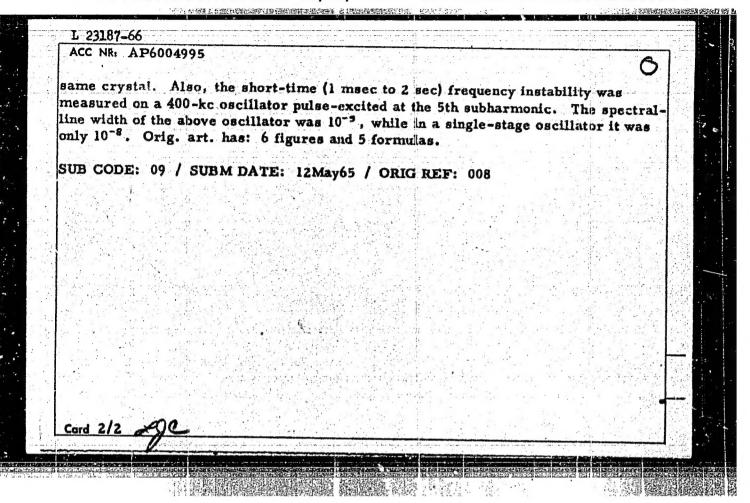


EWP(e) /EWT(m) /EWP(b) L' 11656-66 SOURCE CODE: UR/0106/65/000/009/0001/0009 ACC NR: AP6000787 AUTHOR: Plonskiy, A. F.; Filipskiy, Yu. K. TITLE: State of the art and prospects of quartz stabilization [A review] SOURCE: Elektrosvyaz', no. 9, 1965, 1-9 TOPIC TAGS: frequency stabilization, crystal stabilization ABSTRACT: Based on 1950-64 Soviet and 1952-62 Western published sources, a. review of crystal (quartz) stabilizers, their circuits, and modes of operation is offered. These ways for enhancing the stability of crystal-controlled oscillators are recognized: (1) Higher Q-factor of crystal resonator; (2) Its higher temperature stability; (3) Perfecting oscillator circuits. These topics are covered: Superhigh Q-factor resonators (quartz bars, beveled bars, quartz lenses); Stepping up temperature stability (thermostatic control, reactance-thermistor compensator, p-n-junction capacitance compensator); Operation stability in transistorized oscillators (reactive instability, phase instability, nonlinear correction, inertial nonlinearity, AGC, pulse excitation). A quartz servo oscillator circuit described by Leo Norman (Proc. IRE, 1958, no. 1) is also mentioned. Orig. art. has: 5 figures and 10 formulas. SUB CODE: 09 / SUBM DATE: 23Apr65 / ORIG REF: 008 / OTH REF: 009 UDC: 621.316.726.1:621.372.412

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 06/13/2000

CIA-RDP86-00513R000413130001-8

L 23187-66 EWT(m)/FMP(e) WH ACC 198: AP6004995 SOURCE CODE: UR/0106/66/000/001/0001/0006 AUTHOR: Plonskiy, A. F.; Filipskiy, Yu. K. ORG: Scientific and Technical Society of Radio Engineering and Electrocommun (Nauchno-tekhnicheskoye obshchestvo radiotekhniki i elektrosvyazi) TITLE: Spectral composition of oscillations in a pulse-excited quartz oscillator SOURCE: Elektrosvyaz', no. 1, 1966, 1-6 TOPIC TAGS: crystal oscillator, pulse oscillator, harmonic oscillation, oscillation ABSTRACT: The results of an experimental study of an oscillator whose harmonic relative amplitudes are stabilized are reported; the waveshape of the resonatorexciting voltage is determined by a multivibrator synchronized at the fundamental frequency or a subharmonic of the quartz crystal. The relative amplitude of harmonics were stable within 3% for a collector voltage within 10-30 v, in an 80-kc oscillator excited by the 5th subharmonic. With a collector voltage of 15-30 v, the frequency variation was 7 x 10-9 per one volt of the supply voltage; thus, the stability was higher by two orders of magnitude than that of a single-stage oscillator with the UDC: 621.373.001 - 187 Card 1/2



"Causes of the explosion of paper-machine dryers." (To be contd.) P. 106. PAPIR A CELULOSA. (Ministerstvo lesu a drevarskeho prumyslu). Praha, Czechoslovakia, Vol. 13, No. 5, May 1958. Monthly list of East European Accessions (EEAI), LC, Vol. 8, No. 8, August 1959. Uncla.

CZECHOSLOVAKIA/Chemical Technology - Cellulose and Its Derivatives, Paper.

H-33

Abs Jour

: Ref Zhur - Khimiya, No 24, 1958, 83837

Author

: Filipsky, Z.

Inst

Title

: The Causes of Explosions in the Drying of Papermaking

Orig Pub

: Fapir a cellulosa, 1958, 13, No 5, 106-110.

Abstract

: It was established that equations used for calculating the strength rating of drying drums (DD) are not suitable for they do. not account for the dynamic and thermal load and the aging of the material. The errors which resulted during the manufacture of DD were examined as well as their working operation causing a decrease in the DD strength, which in turn night lead to an explosion. A correct mounting and operation of DD is described in

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APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 06/13/2000 CIA-RDP86-00513R000413130001-8"